

# One Step Multi-Drug Urine Test Panel

One Step Multi-Drug Urine Test panel offers any combination from 2 to 12 drugs of abuse tests for 16 different drugs: Amphetamine (AMP), Barbiturates (BAR), Benzodiazepines (BZO), Cocaine (COC), Marijuana (THC), Methadone (MTD), Methamphetamine (MET), Methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA), Morphine (MOP), Opiate (OPI 2000), Phencyclidine (PCP), Tricyclic Antidepressants (TCA), Buprenorphine (BUP), Oxycodone (OXY), Ketamine (KET), Propoxyphene (PPX).

This package insert applies to all combinations of multi-drug tests panel. Therefore, some information on the performance characteristics of the product may not be relevant to your test. We refer to the labels on the packaging and the prints on the test strip to identify which drugs are included in your test."

*A rapid one step test for the qualitative detection of drug of abuse and their principal metabolites in human urine at specified cut off level.  
For professional use only, For in vitro diagnostic use.*

## INTENDED USE

One Step Multi-Drug Urine Test Panel is consisted of twelve individual one-step immunoassays. The test is a lateral flow, one-step immunoassay for the qualitative detection of specific drugs and their metabolites in human urine at the following cut off concentrations:

Test	Calibrator	Cut off (ng/ml)
Amphetamine	Amphetamine	1,000
Barbiturates	Secobarbital	300
Benzodiazepines	Oxazepam	300
Cocaine	Benzoyllecgonine	300
Marijuana	Marijuana	50
Methadone	Methadone	300
Methamphetamine	Methamphetamine	1,000
Methylenedioxymethamphetamine	3,4-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine HCl(MDMA)	500
Morphine	Morphine	300
Opiate	Morphine	2000
Phencyclidine	Phencyclidine	25
Tricyclic Antidepressants	Notriptyline	1,000
Buprenorphine	Buprenorphine	10
Oxycodone	Oxycodone	100
Ketamine	Ketamine	1,000
Propoxyphene	Propoxyphene	300

This assay provides only a preliminary test result. A more specific alternative chemical method must be used in order to obtain a confirmed analytical result. Gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS) is the preferred confirmatory method. Clinical consideration and professional judgment should be applied to any drug of abuse test result, particularly when preliminary results are positive.

## PRINCIPLE

One Step Multi-Drug Urine Test Panel is a competitive immunoassay that is used to screen for the presence of drugs of abuse in urine. It is chromatographic absorbent device in which drugs or drug metabolites in a sample competitively combined to a limited number of antibody-dye conjugate binding sites.

When the absorbent end of the test device is immersed into the urine sample, the urine is absorbed into the device by capillary action, mixes with the antibody-dye conjugate, and flows across the pre-coated membrane. When sample drug levels are zero or below the target cutoff (the detection sensitivity of the test), antibody-dye conjugate binds to the drug /protein conjugate immobilized in the Test Region (T) of the device. This produces a colored Test line that, regardless of its intensity, indicates a negative result.

When sample drug levels are at or above the target cutoff, the free drug in the sample binds to the antibody-dye conjugate preventing the antibody-dye conjugate from binding to the drug-protein conjugate immobilized in the Test Region (T) of the device. This prevents the development of a distinct colored band in the test region, indicating a potentially positive result.

To serve as a procedure control, a colored line will appear at the Control Region (C), if the test has been performed properly.

## WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

- This kit is for external use only. Do not swallow.
- Discard after first use. The test cannot be used more than once.
- Do not use test kit beyond expiry date.
- Do not use the kit if the pouch is punctured or not well sealed.
- Keep out of the reach of children.
- Do not read after 5 minutes

## STORAGE AND STABILITY

- Store at 39 °F ~ 86 °F in the sealed pouch up to the expiration date.
- Keep away from direct sunlight, moisture and heat.
- DO NOT FREEZE.

## MATERIAL

### Material provided

- Dip Panel Tests
- Package insert

### Material Required But Not Provided

- Timer
- Urine collection cup

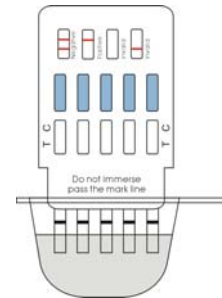
## SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

Collect a urine sample in the urine cup. Urine specimens may be refrigerated and stored up to forty-eight hours. For longer storage, freeze the samples (-4°F or below). Bring frozen or refrigerated samples to room temperature before testing. Use only clear aliquots for testing.

## TEST PROCEDURE

Test must be in room temperature (50°F to 86°F)

1. Open the sealed pouch by tearing along the notch. Remove the test device from the pouch.
2. Hold the one side of the device with one hand. Use the other hand to pull out the cap and expose the absorbent end.
3. Immerse the absorbent end into the urine sample about 10 seconds. Make sure that the urine level is not above the "MAX" line printed on the front of the device.
4. Lay the device flat on a clean, dry, non-absorbent surface.
5. Read the result at 5 minutes. **Do not read after 10 minutes.**



## INTERPRATATION OF RESULTS

### Positive (+)

A rose-pink band is visible in each control region. No color band appears in the appropriate test region. It indicates a positive result for the corresponding drug of that specific test zone.

### Negative (-)

A rose-pink band is visible in each control region and the appropriate test region. It indicates that the concentration of the corresponding drug of that specific test zone is below zero or the detection limit of the test.

### Invalid

If a color band is not visible in each of the control region or a color band is only visible in each of the test region, the test is invalid. Another test should be run to re-evaluate the specimen. Please contact the distributor or the store, where you bought the product, with the lot number.

**Note:** There is no meaning attributed to line color intensity or width.



## QUALITY CONTROL

Though there is an internal procedural control line in the test device of Control region, the use of external controls is strongly recommended as good laboratory testing practice to confirm the test procedure and to verify proper test performance. Positive and negative control should give the expected results. When testing the positive and negative control, the same assay procedure should be adopted.

## LIMITATIONS OF PROCEDURE

1. This test has been developed for testing urine samples only. The performance of this test using other specimens has not been substantiated.
2. Adulterated urine samples may produce erroneous results. Strong oxidizing agents such as bleach (hypochlorite) can oxidize drug analyses. If a sample is suspected of being adulterated, obtain a new sample.
3. This test is a qualitative screening assay. It is not designed to determine the quantitative concentration of drugs or the level of intoxication
4. It is possible that technical or procedural errors, as well as other interfering substances in the urine specimen may cause erroneous results.
5. A negative result may not necessarily indicate drug-free urine. Negative results can be obtained when drug is present but below the cut-off level of the test.
6. Test does not distinguish between drugs of abuse and certain medicines.
7. A positive result might be obtained from certain foods or food supplements.

## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

### Accuracy

A comparison was conducted using each of the tests and commercially available drug rapid test (Acon One Step Multi-Line Screen Test Panel with Integrated E-Z Split Key IM Cup (Urine)). 740 specimens were used in the test. Positive results were confirmed by GC/MS. The results were listed as follows:

Specimen	% Agreement with commercial kit							
	AMP	BAR	BZO	COC	THC	MTD	MET	MDMA
Positive	>99%	97.5%	95%	100%	99%	99%	99%	99%
Negative	>99%	99%	100%					
Total	>99%	98.6%	97.9%					

Specimen	MOP 300	OPI 2000	PCP	TCA	BUP	OXY	KET	PPX
Positive	97.5%	97.5%	97.5%	95%	97%	>99%	96%	95%
Negative	99%	99%	99%	99%	97%	>99%	99%	100%
Total	98.6%	98.6%	98.6%	97.9%	97%	>99%	97.5%	97.9%

% Agreement with GC/MS

Specimen	AMP	BAR	BZO	COC	THC	MTD	MET	MDMA
Positive	94%	92%	97%	96%	95%	95%	99%	97%
Negative	99%	98%	97%	99%	96%	99%	99%	99%
Total	97%	95%	97%	98%	96%	97%	99%	98%

Specimen	MOP 300	OPI 2000	PCP	TCA	BUP	OXY	KET	PPX
Positive	98%	99%	91%	95%	90%	92.5%	92.5%	90%
Negative	98%	99%	99%	99%	97.5%	97.5%	95%	97.5%
Total	98%	99%	95%	97%	93.8%	95%	93.8%	93.8%

Analytical Sensitivity

Standard drugs were spiked into negative urine samples to the concentration of -50% cutoff, -25% cutoff, cutoff, +25% cutoff and +50% cutoff. The results were summarized below.

Drug Conc. (Cut-off range)	n	AMP		BAR		BZO		COC		THC		MTD		MET		MDMA		
		-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	
0% Cut-off	30	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30
-50% Cut-off	30	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30
+25% Cut-off	30	25	5	26	4	26	4	25	5	23	7	25	5	25	5	23	7	7
Cut-off	30	12	18	10	20	14	16	15	15	14	16	12	18	13	17	10	20	20
+25% Cut-off	30	5	25	8	22	5	25	6	24	3	27	6	24	5	25	4	26	26
+50% Cut-off	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	30

Drug Conc. (Cut-off range)	n	MOP 300		OPI 2000		PCP		TCA		BUP		OXY		KET		PPX		
		-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	
0% Cut-off	30	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30
-50% Cut-off	30	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30
-25% Cut-off	30	24	6	25	5	26	4	24	6	26	4	26	4	27	3	26	4	4
Cut-off	30	10	20	14	16	15	15	14	16	1	29	3	27	2	28	1	29	29
+25% Cut-off	30	3	27	5	25	7	23	6	24	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	30
+50% Cut-off	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	30

Analytical Specificity

To test the specificity of the test, the test device was used to test various drugs, drug metabolites and other components that are likely to be present in urine. All the components were added to drug-free normal human urine. These concentrations (ng/mL) below also represent the limits of detection for the specified drugs or metabolites.

Amphetamine	Methamphetamine
d-Amphetamine	D(+)-Methamphetamine
d.1-Amphetamine	D-Amphetamine
1-Amphetamine	Chloroquine
(+/-) 3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine	(+/-)-Ephedrine
Phentermine	(-)-Methamphetamine
<b>Barbiturates</b>	(+/-)3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine(MDMA)
Secobarbital	b-Phenylethylamine
Amobarbital	Trimethobenzamide
Alphenol	
Aprobarbital	<b>Methylenedioxymethamphetamine(MDMA)</b>
Butobarbital	3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine
Butathal	3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine HCl
Butibal	3,4-Methylenedioxyethylamphetamine
Cyclopentobarbital	Morphine
Pentobarbital	Morphine
Phenobarbital	Codeine
<b>Benzodiazepines</b>	Ethyl Morphine
Oxazepam	Hydrocodone
Alprazolam	Hydromorphone
α-Hydroxyalprazolam	Morphine-3-b-d-glucuronide
Bromazepam	Thebaine
Chlordiazepoxide	<b>Opiate 2000</b>
Clonazepam HCl	Morphine
Clobazam	Codeine
Clonazepam	Ethylmorphine
Clorazepate dipotassium	Hydrocodone
Delorazepam	Hydromorphone
Desalkylflurazepam	Levorphanol
Diazepam	α-Monoacetylmorphine
Estazolam	Morphine 3-β-D-glucuronide
Flunitrazepam	Norcodeine
D,L-Lorazepam	Normorphine
	Oxycodone
Midazolam	Oxymorphone
Nitrazepam	Procaine
Norchlordiazepoxide	Thebaine
Nordiazepam	<b>Phencyclidine</b>
Temazepam	Phencyclidine
Trazolam	4-Hydroxyphencyclidine
<b>Cocaine</b>	<b>Tricyclic Antidepressants</b>
Benzoyllecgonine	Notriptyline
Cocaine HCl	Nordoxepine
Cocaethylene	
Ecgonine	
<b>Marijuana</b>	Trimipramine

11-nor-D9-THC-9-COOH	50	Amitriptyline	1,500
11-nor-D8-THC-9-COOH	30	Promazine	1,500
11-hydroxy-D9-Tetrahydrocannabinol	2,500	Desipramine	200
D8- Tetrahydrocannabinol	7,500	Imipramine	400
D9- Tetrahydrocannabinol	10,000	Clomipramine	12,500
Cannabinol	10,000	Doxepine	2,000
Cannabidiol	100,000	Maprotiline	2,000
<b>Methadone</b>		Promethazine	25,000
Methadone	300	<b>Buprenorphine</b>	
Doxylamine	50,000	Buprenorphine 3-D-Glucuronide	15
<b>Oxycodone</b>		Norbuprenorphine	20
Dihydrocodeine	20,000	Norbuprenorphine 3-D-Glucuronide	200
Codeine	100,000	<b>Ketamine</b>	
Hydromorphone	100,000	Methadone	50,000
Morphine	>100,000	Pethidine	12,500
Acetylmorphine	>100,000	Methylamphetamine	12,500
Buprenorphine	>100,000	Methoxyphenamine	12,500
Ethylmorphine	>100,000	Promethazine	25,000
<b>Propoxyphene</b>		Phencyclidine	25,000
d-Propoxyphene	300		
d-Norpropoxyphene	300		

Cross-Reactivity

Considering the complexity of clinical urine specimens and the possibility that various urine specimens contain potentially interfering substances, we simulated above situations by adding the potentially interfering substances to a certain concentration as specimen. The following components show no cross-reactivity when tested with One Step Multi-Drug Urine Test Panel at a concentration of 100 µg/ml.

Non Crossing-Reacting Compounds

Acetophenetidin	Creatinine	Loperamide	Quinidine
Nalidixic acid	Deoxycorticosterone	Meprobamate	Quinine
Acetylsalicylic acid	Dextromethorphan	Methoxyphenamine	Ranitidine
Aminopyrine	Diclofenac	Nalidixic acid	Salicylic acid
Amoxicillin	Diffunisal	Naloxone	Serotonin
Ampicillin	Digoxin	Naltrexone	Sulfamethazine
L-Phenylephrine	Diphenhydramine	Naproxen	Sulindac
Apomorphine	L-γ-Ephedrine	Niacinamide	Tetracycline
Aspartame	Ecgonine methylester	Nifedipine	Tetrahydrocortisone,
Atropine	Ethyl-p-aminobenzoate	Norethindrone	3-Acetate
Benzilic acid	β-Estradiol	D-Norpropoxyphene	Tetrahydrocortisone,
Benzoic acid	Estrone-3-sulfate	Noscapine	(β-D-glucuronide)
Benzphetamine	Erythromycin	D,L-Octopamine	Tetrahydrozoline
Bilirubin	Fenoprofen	Oxalic acid	Thiamine
Deoxycorticosterone	Furosemide	Oxolinic acid	Thioridazine
Caffeine	Gentisic acid	Oxymetazoline	D,L-Tyrosine
	Hemoglobin	Papaverine	Tolbutamide
	Hydralazine	Penicillin-G	Triamterene
Chloralhydrate	Hydrochlorothiazide	Perphenazine	Trifluoperazine
Chloramphenicol	Hydrocortisone	Phenelzine	Trimethoprim
Chlorothiazide	O-Hydroxyhippuric acid	L-Phenylephrine	Tyramine
D,L-Chlorpheniramine	3-Hydroxytyramine	β-Phenylethylamine	D,L-Tryptophan
Chlorpromazine	D,L-Isoproterenol	Phenylpropanolamine	Urine acid
Chlorquine	Isosuprine	Prednisone	Verapamil
Cholesterol	Ketoprofen	D,L-Propranolol	Zomepirac
Clonidine	Labelalol	L-Cotinine	D-Pseudoephedrine

From the results above, it is clear that One Step Multi-Drug Urine Test Panel resists well against interference from these substances.

BIBLIOGRAPHY OF SUGGESTED READING

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MEANING OF SYMBOLS ON PACKAGE

- Keep away from sunlight
- Store between 4°C and 30°C
- Keep dry
- Do not re-use